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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/942,581	08/31/2001	Takashi Moriuchi	010923	9413		
23850	7590 08/25/2003					
	ARMSTRONG,WESTERMAN & HATTORI, LLP			EXAMINER		
1725 K STR SUITE 1000	•		WALLING, MEAGAN S			
WASHING	ON, DC 20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2863			
			DATE MAILED: 08/25/2003	3		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<del></del>		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/942,581		MORIUCHI, TAKASHI				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Meagan S Walling		2863				
Period fo	<ul> <li>The MAILING DATE of this communication as Reply</li> </ul>	appears on the cover she	et with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REIMALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated by the Office later than three months after the main difference of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, m reply within the statutory minimum od will apply and will expire SIX (6) tute, cause the application to beco	nay a reply be tim of thirty (30) day ) MONTHS from me ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timet the mailing date of this or D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication. ·			
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	4 April 2003 .			•			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
-	on of Claims							
-	Claim(s) 1 and 3-5 is/are pending in the ap		_					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	Irawn from consideration	1.	•				
-	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) 1.3 and 4 is/are rejected.		•					
•	Claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an on Papers	d/or election requiremen	ıt.					
* -	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner						
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>31 August 2001</u> is/a		objected to b	y the Examiner.				
10/23	Applicant may not request that any objection to							
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on							
,_	If approved, corrected drawings are required in							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	•	•					
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)	⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received	d.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
					al application)			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom				я арриоскопу.			
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.</li> </ul>								
Attachmen					-(-)			
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No	5) 🔲 Not	tice of Informal	ry (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (P <sup>-</sup>				
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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hardesty et al. (US 6,138,056) in view of Ito et al. (US 6,456,896).

Regarding claim 1, Hardesty et al. teaches at least one of a temperature sensor for detecting the temperature of the machine tool, displacement sensor for detecting displacement of a predetermined portion of the machine tool, acceleration sensor for detecting the acceleration acting on the machine tool, and a noise meter for detecting noise caused by the machine tool (column 6, lines 31-34); and a reference value storage section for storing predetermined reference values indicative of standard conditions of the machine tool (column 6, lines 31-35).

Although Hardesty et al. teaches a judgment section for evaluating displacement (column 6, lines 42-47), Hardesty et al. does not teach a judgment section for evaluating at least one of a temperature increase characteristic of the machine tool, a thermal displacement characteristic of the machine tool in accordance with the temperature increase, a vibration characteristic of the machine tool, and a noise characteristic of the machine tool on the basis of a detection signal detected by the sensor and the reference values stored in the reference value storage section for judgment on the acceptability.

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Ito et al. teaches using a stored approximation formula along with measured data to judge and correct thermal displacement (column 1, lines 61-63, 67 – column 2, lines 1-5).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Hardesty et al. with the teachings of Ito et al. to store and evaluate thermal displacement characteristic information to determine whether correction is needed. The motivation for doing so is to prevent problems in machining due to the expansion of machine parts from the increase in temperature (Ito et al., column 1, lines 12-13, 18-21).

2. Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hardesty et al. in view of Ito et al. as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Love et al. (US 5,629,871).

With regard to claims 3 and 4, Hardesty et al. and Ito et al. together disclose everything disclosed in the claimed invention except a judgment result storage section for storing the judgment result obtained by the judgment section (claim 3) and an estimate section for estimating future static and/or dynamic characteristics of the machine tool based on the judgment result stored in the judgment result storage section (claim 4).

Love et al. teaches storing the total number of abnormal events that have occurred when the operating conditions of the component under analysis exceeded the threshold and further recording the date and time of these occurrences for prediction means (column 7, lines 39-46).

Although Love et al. does not teach a machine tool maintenance system, Hardesty et al., Ito et al., and Love et al. each solve the problem of recording the accuracy of measurements by comparing measurements to known values.

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It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to combing the teachings of Hardesty et al. and Ito et al. with the invention of Love et al. It would be more time and cost efficient to predict future characteristics and trends of the machine tool than to have errors occur and be forced to make repairs. A way to predict future events is by observing a trend from the past. So by combining the teachings of Hardesty et al. and Ito et al. with the teachings of Love et al., it would be possible to predict future static and/or dynamic characteristics of the machine tool by storing past judgment results.

## Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claim 5 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 5 requires a drive signal generator that generates a drive control signal to operate the main spindle unit and/or feeder for a trial and transmits the generated drive control signal to the machine tool.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Meagan S Walling whose telephone number is (703) 308-3084. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Barlow can be reached on (703) 308-3126. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

msw August 7, 2003

John Barlow //
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2800